

GOVERNMENT OF SIKKIM

ACCOUNTS AT A GLANCE 2005-2006

SENIOR DEPUTY ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, (ACCOUNTS AND ENTITLEMENTS) SIKKIM

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Preface

This is the Eighth issue of our annual publication 'Accounts at a Glance'.

The Annual Accounts of the State Government are prepared and examined under the directions of Comptroller and Auditor General of India in accordance with the requirement of the Comptroller and Auditor General's (Duties, Powers and Conditions of Service) Act, 1971 for being laid before the Legislature of the State. The Annual Accounts consists of (a) Finance Accounts and (b) Appropriation Accounts. Finance Accounts are summary statements of accounts under the Consolidated Fund, Contingency Fund and the Public Account. The Appropriation Accounts record the Grant-wise expenditure against provision approved by State Legislature and offer explanations for variations between the actual expenditure and the funds provided. The Senior Deputy Accountant General (Accounts and Entitlements), Sikkim prepares the State Finance Accounts and the Appropriation Accounts.

'Accounts at a Glance' provides a broad overview of Governmental activities, as reflected in the Finance Accounts and the Appropriation Accounts. The information is presented through brief explanations, statements and graphs.

We look forward to suggestions that would help us in improving the publication.

Gangtok

Date 1 5 FEB 2007

(ARIJIT GANGULY)

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, SIKKIM

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CHAPTER-I

ANTONIA BOUNTAINS

OVERVIEW

The monthly accounts of the State Government are compiled and consolidated from the accounts submitted by the Chief Pay and Accounts Office, Public Works and Forest Divisions to the Office of the Deputy Accountant General (Accounts and Entitlements) Sikkim. Besides, the Finance Accounts and the Appropriation Accounts are prepared annually by the Senior Deputy Accountant General under the directions of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India in accordance with the requirements of the Comptroller and Auditor General's (Duties, Powers and Conditions of Service) Act, 1971.

The accounts of Government are kept in the following three parts:

Part I Consolidated Fund
Part II Contingency Fund
Part III Public Account

There are two main divisions under the Consolidated Fund:

The Revenue division (Revenue Account) deals with the proceeds of taxation and other receipts classed as revenue and the expenditure met there from, the net result of which represents the revenue surplus or deficit for the year.

In the Capital division, the section 'Receipt Heads (Capital Account)' deals with receipts of capital nature which cannot be applied as a set off to capital expenditure. The section 'Expenditure Heads (Capital Account)' deals with expenditure met usually from borrowed funds with the object of increasing concrete assets of a material and permanent character. It also includes receipts of a capital nature intended to be applied as a set off to capital expenditure. The section 'Public Debt, Loans and Advances, etc.' comprises loans raised and their repayments by Government such as 'Internal Debt' and 'Loans and Advances' made (and their recoveries) by Government.

In the Contingency Fund, the transactions connected with Contingency Fund established under Article 267 of the Constitution of India are recorded.

In the Public Account, the transactions relating to 'Debt' (other than those included in Part I), 'Deposits', 'Advances', 'Remittances' and 'Suspense' are recorded.

Annual Accounts of the Government of Sikkim for the year 2005-2006 have been finalised and submitted to the State Government on 17.11.2006 for placing before the State Legislature. The Audit Report of the Comptroller and Auditor of India for the year 2005-2006 is being presented separately.

Finance Accounts

Finance Accounts present the accounts of receipts and outgoings of the Government for the year together with the financial results disclosed by the revenue and capital accounts, the accounts of the public debts and the liabilities and assets as worked out from the balances recorded in the accounts.

During 2005-2006 total receipts amounted to Rs. 2113.33 crore comprising Rs 1964.35 crore revenue receipts (Rs. 329.35 crore Tax revenue, Rs. 990.10 crore Non-Tax revenue and Rs. 644.90 crore Grants-in-aid and Contributions), and Rs. 148.98 crore capital receipts (Rs. 148.84 crore on account of borrowings and other liabilities and Rs. 0.14 crore towards recovery of loans and advances).

Disbursements during the year were Rs. 2113.33 crore, Rs. 1767.60 crore (84 %) on revenue account and Rs. 345.73 crore (16 %) on capital account.

Appropriation Accounts

Appropriation Accounts bring out the expenditure of the State Government against amounts voted and charged by the State Legislature and supplement the Finance Accounts. These comprise accounts of 2 charged Appropriations and 42 voted Grants.

Appropriation Acts, 2005-2006 had provided for a gross expenditure of Rs. 2430.22 crore, which includes the Supplementary Grants of Rs. 183.43 crore. An amount of Rs. 17.77 crore was projected as recoveries in reduction of expenditure.

Appropriation Accounts 2005-2006 show disbursements aggregating Rs. 2160.39 crore against the aggregate budget provision of Rs. 2430.22 crore, resulting in saving of Rs. 269.83 crore, against Grants and Appropriations.

Recoveries in reduction of expenditure amounted to Rs. 14.67 crore reflecting a saving of Rs. 3.10 crore vis-à-vis budget estimates.

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CHAPTER-II

HIGHLIGHTS OF ACCOUNTS

(Rupees in crore)

	(Rupees in crofe)									
SI. No		B.E 2005- 2006 *	Actuals	Percentage of Actuals to B.E	Percentage of Actuals to GDP**					
1.	Tax Revenue	253.88	329.35#	129.73	19.18					
2.	Non-Tax Revenue	992.78	990.10	99.73	57.66					
3.	Grants-in-aid & Contributions	815.88	644.90	79.04	37.56					
4.	Revenue Receipts (1+2+3)	2,062.54	1,964.35	95.24	114.41					
5.	Recovery of Loans & Advances	1.11	0.14	12.61	0.01					
6.	Other Receipts			-	- 0.01					
7.	Borrowings and other liabilities (net)	125.61	148.84	118.49	8.67					
8.	Capital Receipts (5+6+7)	126.72	148.98	117.57	8.68					
9.	Total Receipts (4+8)	2,189.26	2,113.33	96.53	123.08					
10	Non-Plan Expenditure (NPE)	1,459.27	1,473.40	100.97	85.81					
* 11.	NPE on Revenue Account	1,459.27	1,473.40	100.97	85.81					
12.	NPE on Interest Payments out of 11	99.28	102.60	100.34	5.98					
13.	NPE on Capital Account	0.15		-	3.70					
14.	Plan Expenditure (PE)	729.99	639.93	87.66	37.27					
* 15.	PE on Revenue Account	313.67	294.20	93.79	17.13					
16.	PE on Capital Account	416.32	345.73	83.04	20.14					
17.	Total Expenditure (10+14)	2,189.26	2,113.33	96.53	123.08					
* 18.	Revenue Expenditure(11+15)	1,772.94	1,767.60	99.70	102.95					
19.	Capital Expenditure (13+16)	416.47	345.73	83.01	20.14					
20.	Revenue Surplus (4-18)	289.60	196.75	67.94	11.46					
21.	Fiscal Deficit (4+5+6-17)	125.61	148.84	118.49	8.67					

^{*} Provision and actuals excluding the recovery figure as shown in Demands for Grants.

** GDP rate during the year 2005-06 is Rs. 1,717.00 (Quick).

Receipts and Disbursements

Total receipts as well as disbursement during the year were Rs. 2,113.33 crore. This was 96.53% of the budget provision. The Fiscal deficit during the year was Rs. 148.84 crores against the projected figures of Rs. 125.61 crores in the Budget.

The following table summarises the Accounts for 2005-2006.

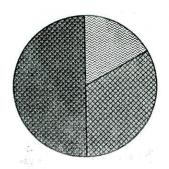
			reapees in croic)		
Total Receipts	2,113	3.33	Total Disbursements	2,113	.33
Revenue Receipts	1,964.35	93 %	Revenue Disbursements	1,767.60	84 %
Capital Receipts	148.98	7 %	Capital Disbursements	345.73	16 %

[#] Actuals under Tax Revenue includes Rs. 182.13 crores (Rs. 172.63 crores for 2005-06 and Rs. 9.50 crores for the year 2004-05) being the Shareable Taxes other than Income Tax & Wealth Tax share received from Government of India.

RECEIPTS

Revenue Receipts

Gross Tax Revenue of Rs. 329.35 crore and Grants-in-aid and contributions of Rs. 644.90 crore formed 17 per cent and 33 per cent respectively of the total Revenue Receipts. The major contributor to revenues was Non Tax Revenue of Rs. 990.10 crore comprising 50 per cent of total Revenue Receipts. The ratio of Revenue Receipts is indicated in the diagram below.



☐ Tax Revenue 17%

☑ Grants in aid contribution 33%

■ Non-Tax Revenue 50%

Net tax receipts during the year were higher than the budget estimates by Rs. 75.47 crore, mainly on account of more receipts of State Share of Union Taxes and Duties as estimated.

Share of various tax, non-tax revenue and grants-in-aid and contributions to total revenue receipts is given below:

Revenue Receipts and Grants-in-Aid and Contributions

(Rupees in crore)

	(Rupees in crore)					
Components	Actuals	Percentage to total Revenue Receipts				
A. Tax Revenue*	329.35	16.77				
Taxes on Income and Expenditure **	108.96	5.55				
Taxes on Property and Capital Transactions	2.88	0.15				
Taxes on Commodities and Services	217.51	11.07				
B. Non-tax Revenue	990.10	50.40				
Interest Receipts, Dividends and Profits	7.46	0.38				
General Services ***	920.45	46.86				
Social Services	4.77	0.24				
Economic Services	57.42	2.92				
C. Grants-in-aid and Contributions	644.90	32.83				
TOTAL-REVENUE RECEIPTS	1,964.35	100				

* Includes State's share of Taxes and Duties from Government of India of Rs. 182.13 crores. Rs. 182.13 crores also includes Rs. 9.50 crores of previous year shareable taxes received from Government of India but not accounted for that year.

** Income Tax Act, 1961 has not been implemented in the State Figures indicate the Taxes on income levied under Sikkim Income Tax Manual, 1948 and not includes the state's share of Income Tax & Wealth Tax from Government of India.

*** Out of Rs. 920.45 crore under General Services, Rs. 898.35 crore pertains to the gross receipts under State Lotteries.

Capital Receipts

Compared to the budget estimates of Rs 126.72 crore, the actual receipts were Rs 148.98 crore resulting in an overall increase of Rs. 22.26 crore.

DISBURSEMENTS

Revenue Disbursements

Revenue Disbursement of Rs. 1,767.60 crore were 84 per cent of total disbursements of Rs. 2,113.33 crore. It was less than budget estimates by Rs. 5.34 crore due to excess disbursement of Rs. 14.13 crores under Non-Plan and less disbursement of Rs. 19.47 crores under Plan side.

Capital Disbursements

Capital Disbursements of Rs. 345.73 crore was 16 per cent of the total disbursement. It was less than the budget estimates by Rs. 70.74 crore due to less Expenditure of Rs 19.47 crores under Plan side.

Plan Disbursements

During the year 2005-2006, Plan Disbursements were Rs. 639.93 crore consisting of Rs 507.76 crore under State Plan, (Rs. 251.20 crore under revenue and Rs. 256.56 crore under capital account) and Rs. 132.17 crore (Rs. 43.00 crore under revenue account and Rs. 89.17 crore under capital account) under Central Plan and Centrally Sponsored Plan Schemes.

Non-Plan Disbursements

Non-plan Disbursements during 2005-2006 were Rs. 1,473.40 crore, under Revenue account only.

Sectoral distribution of expenditure and its percentage to total revenue expenditure is given below:-

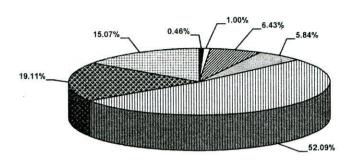
SECTORAL DISTRIBUTION OF EXPENDITURE AND ITS PERCENTAGE TO TOTAL REVENUE EXPENDITURE

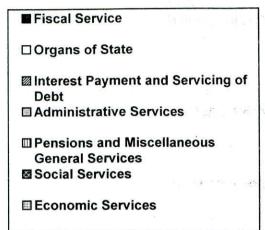
Com	ponents	Amount	Percentage to Total Revenue Expenditure
A. Fi	scal Services	8.14	0.46
(i)	Collection of Taxes on Property and Capital transactions	3.18	0.18
(ii)	Collection of Taxes on Commodities and Services	4.45	0.25
(iii)	Collection of Taxes on Income and Expenditure	0.51	0.03
B.	Organs of State	17.61	1.00
C.	Interest Payment and Servicing of Debt	113.60	6.43
D.	Administrative Services	103.27	5.84
E.	Pension and Miscellaneous General Services	920.81	52.09
F.	Social Services	337.78	19.11
G.	Economic Services	266.39	15.07
тот	AL EXPENDITURE (REVENUE ACCOUNT)	1,767.60	100

A pie chart showing the distribution of Expenditure under different sectors is as under:

SECTORAL DISTRIBUTION OF EXPENDITURE DURING 2005 -2006

Revenue Expenditure





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TREND OF EXPENDITURE

Trend of expenditure in some important sectors between 2001-02 and 2005-2006 (5 years) is brought out below:-

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE IN SELECTED SECTORS

(Rupees in Crore)

					20		I Cloic,								
Sector	2001-02	% to B.E	% to RBE	2002-03	% to B.E	% to RBE	2003-04	% to B.E	% to RBE	2004-05	% to B.E	% to RBE	2005-06	% to B.E	% to RBE
Interest Payment & Servicing of Debt	90.48	100.78	99.67	100.53	100.20	100.20	103.50	98.53	98,53	110.19	102.00	99.63	113.60	103.01	103.01
Pension & Misc. General Services	1,079.38	511.14	511.14	1,202.66	100,07	100.07	483.08	40.40	39.55	914.19	99.46	99.46	920.81	100.02	100.02
Education, Sports, Arts & Culture	121.47	96.44	95,11	134.02	97.89	97.95	142.67	93.74	93.10	160.40	101.15	90.23	198.00	111.39	100.94
Health & Family Welfare	36,98	103.58	90.57	39.91	89.62	89.65	38.95	96.17	93.13	53.55	98.01	94.01	51.89	102.57	98.52
Agriculture & Allied Activities	69.40	96.03	100	71.73	84.18	80.69	69.48	94.94	94.70	86.70	99.32	95.06	100.52	110.52	98.94
Rural Development	10.54	111.18	109.56	15.70	111.98	102.55	34.25	214.73	88.59	15.73	59.09	58.61	32.41	101.41	94.94
Irrigation & Flood Control	15.91	166.95	86.66	19.00	94.72	94.67	13.56	92.55	92.24	6.76	90.37	80.57	8.56	76.22	74.76
Energy	26.75	98.09	97.59	50,67	98.93	98.93	36.85	100.05	100.05	92.20	98.37	98.32	41.89	107.74	100.02
Transport	37.84	87.06	79.60	44.71	85.45	85.44	41.68	83.02	81.31	51.73	92.00	85.76	42.72	76.64	83.58
General Economic Services	14.02	63.73	60.64	11.77	59.26	100.86	9.97	40.74	40.59	10.85	91.72	94.02	12.36	33.62	50.93

BE: Budget Estimate; RBE: Revised Budget Estimate.

DEBTS AND LIABILITIES

Outstanding Public Debt at the end of 2005-2006 was Rs. 896.89 crore, comprising internal debt of Rs. 569.21 crore, Loans and advances from Central Government of Rs. 327.68 crore. Other liabilities accounted under Public Account Rs. 149.09 crore.

The State also acts as a banker and trustee in respect of deposits like small savings collections, provident funds. There was an overall increase of Rs. 12.99 crore in respect of such liabilities of the State Government during 2005-2006.

Interest payments on debt and other liabilities totaling Rs. 102.60 crore constituted 6 per cent of revenue expenditure of Rs. 1,767.60 crore. Interest payments on public debts were Rs. 82.27 crore (Internal debt Rs. 45.21 crore, loans and advances from Central Governments Rs. 37.06 crore and Rs. 20.33 crore on other liabilities). Expenditure on account of interest payments increased by Rs. 3.41 crore during 2005-2006.

Internal debt of Rs. 122.07 crore raised during 2005-2006 was mainly used for payments of interest of Rs. 45.21 crore.

INVESTMENTS AND RETURNS

Total investment as share capital in non-financial public sector undertakings (PSUs) stood at Rs. 82.48 crore at the end of 2005-2006. Dividends received during the year were Rs. 1.14 crore on investment. During 2005-2006 investments in PSUs increased by Rs. 5.02 crore.

LOANS AND ADVANCES BY THE STATE GOVERNMENT

Total loans and advances made by the State Government at the end of 2005-2006 was Rs. 6.09 crore. Information about arrears in recovery of Loans and Advances and interest had not been received from the departmental officers who maintain the detailed accounts thereof.

Loans and advances to Government Corporations/Companies, Non-Government Institutes, Local bodies, etc. at the end of 2005-2006 was Rs. 4.83 crore.

FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE TO LOCAL BODIES AND OTHERS

Assistance to local bodies etc. during 2005-2006 was Rs. 48.45 crore up from Rs. 4.55 crore in 2001-2002 to Rs. 48.45 crore in 2005-2006. The grants given to Panchayat Raj Institution (Rs. 21.77crore) were 45 per cent of total grants given during the year.

APPROPRIATION ACCOUNTS

The Appropriation Accounts of the Government of Sikkim for the year 2005-2006 present the accounts of sums expended during the year ended 31 March 2006, compared with the sums specified in the Schedules appended to the Appropriation Acts passed under Articles 204 and 205 of the Constitution of India.

The Appropriation Accounts show that in the year 2005-2006, there was actual expenditure of Rs. 2,160.39 crore, comprising Rs. 1,782.27 crore Revenue Expenditure, Rs. 345.73 crore Capital Expenditure, Rs. 32.39 crore Repayment of Debt. There were saving under all section of expenditure with reference to total grants allocated by the State Legislature as under.

(Rupees in crore)

Sum	mary of Appropriation	n Accounts			(R	upees in crore)
Sl. No.	Nature of expenditure	Original grant	Supplementary grant	Total	Actual expenditure	Savings(-) Excess (+)
1	Revenue Voted Charged	1,667.26 117.43	76.18 NIL	0c 1,743.44 <i>117.43</i>	1,661.40 120.87	(-) 82.04 (+) 3.44
2	Capital Voted Charged	416.37 NIL	107.25 NIL	523.62 NIL	345.73 NIL ,	(-) 177.89 NIL
3	Public Debt Charged	45.58	Sharing San NIL'S	45.58	32.39	(-) 13.19
4	Loans and Advances Voted Charged	0.15 <i>NIL</i>	NIL NIL	0.15 <i>NIL</i>	NIL NIL	(-) 0.15 NIL
	Total	2,246.79	183.43	2,430.22	2,160.39	(-) 2,69.83

Details of persistent savings in a few selected grants/appropriations are given below:

TREND OF EXPENDITURE ON SELECTED GRANTS SHOWING PERSISTENT SAVINGS

GRA	NT NO./SECTION	Years	Total Allocation	Percentage of Savings
).	Food Security & Agriculture	2001-2002	23.44	22%
1.	Development (Revenue)	2002-2003	22.80	28%
	A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF THE	2003-2004	19.14	14%
	X	2004-2005	20.65	4%
		2005-2006	28.77	5%
5.	Culture Affairs and Heritage	2001-2002	333.78	8%
٠.	(Davierus)	2002-2003	379.22	6%
	THE PERSON OF TH	2003-2004	, 391:00 157-	4%
	s. de e e fel e	2004-2005	438.25	- 6% A
	an in the	2005-2006	539.29	18%
14.	Health Care Human Services and	2001-2002	41.60	9%
	Family Welfare (Revenue)	2002-2003	45.40	10%
		2003-2004	42.75: 3 21.1	7%
	9 9 - 100 - 100 - 100 100	2004-2005	57.86	6%
		2005-2006	54.68	3%
17.	Commerce and Industry (Capital)	2001-2002	8.08	4%
	Commerce and (-1)	2002-2003	4.20	27%
		2003-2004	4.78	60%
		2004-2005	7.54	16%
		2005-2006	10.87	28%
19.	Irrigation &Flood Control (Revenue)	2001-2002	1,838.08	12%
		2002-2003	2,006.95	5%
		2003-2004	1,470.22	3%
		2004-2005	938.90	24%
		2005-2006	1,244.55	28%
29.	Development Planning, Economic	2001-2002	537.48	40%
-/.	Reforms & North Easter Council	2002-2003	1,405.81	70%
	Affairs (Revenue)	2003-2004	1,897.90	81%
	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY	2004-2005	1,438.55	66%
		2005-2006	3,986.82	80%

GR	ANT NO./SECTION	NO./SECTION Years Total Allocation			
33.	Water Security and Public Health	2001-2002	1,139.62	Percentage of Savings	
	Engineering (Capital)	2002-2003	2,592.91.	54%	
		2003-2004	1,561.87	7%	
		2004-2005	3,347.56	20%	
		2005-2006	3,429.91	27%	
35.	Rural Management and Development	2001-2002	3,661.56	4%	
	(Revenue)	2002-2003	3,434.58	2%	
		2003-2004	5,606.65	6%	
		2004-2005	4,489.80	28%	
		2005-2006	5,430.00	15%	

RECONCILIATION OF ACCOUNTS

Accuracy and reliability of accounts depend, among other things, on timely reconciliation of departmental figures with the figures in the books of Senior Deputy Accountant General (A&E).

Before the annual accounts are finalised, all the Heads of the Departments and Controlling Officers are required to reconcile the departmental accounts figures with those booked by the Senior Deputy Accountant General on quarterly basis in order to ensure that the latter's figures are accurate. This also facilitates identification of errors, misclassification and proper budgetary/financial control of expenditure. The report of reconciliation by the controlling officers during the year 2005-2006 are as under:

Particulars (A)	Total No. of Controlling Officers	Fully reconciled	Partially reconciled	Not at all reconciled
(i) Expenditure Accounts	48,	47	1 7(1-5) 19(1) 1	NIL
(ii) Receipts Accounts	32	28		2

SUBMISSION OF ACCOUNTS BY TREASURIES

There was a delay of 0 to 26 days, in receipt of accounts for the months of April 2005 to March 2006 from Chief Pay and Accounts Offices.

34 Public Works Divisions and 12 Forest Divisions submitted their accounts with delays ranging from 0 to 16 days. The fact of late receipt/non-receipt of monthly accounts was brought to the notice of the concerned authorities, as and when the delay occurred.

CHAPTER-III

TRENDS IN GOVERNMENT REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE

Trends in Government Revenue Receipts and Revenue Expenditure from 2001-2002 to 2005-2006 (5 years period) is given below.

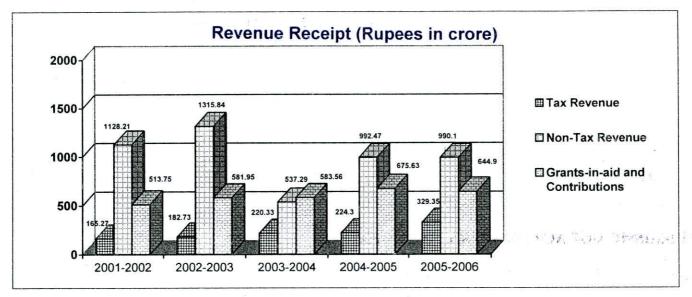
Revenue Receipts

(Rupees in crore)

Year	Tax Revenue	Non-Tax Revenue	Grants-in-aid and Contributions	Gross Revenue Receipts	GDP	Percentage of Gross Revenue Receipts to GDP
2001-2002	165.22	1,128.21	513.75	1,807.18	977 (Q)	184.97%
2002-2003	182.73	1,315.84	581.95	2,080.52	1,153 (Q)	180.44%
2003-2004	220.33	537.29	583.56	1,341.18	1358 (Q)	98.76%
2004-2005	224.30	992.47	675.63	1,892.40	1,531(A)	123.64%
2005-2006	329.35	990.10	644.90	1,964.35	1,717(Q)	114.41%

GDP - Gross Domestic Product, (Q) - Quickly arrived at, (A) - Advance.

The Revenue Receipts over the last five years is shown in the Bar chart below:

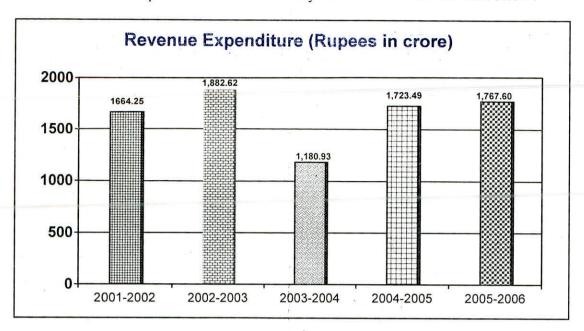


Revenue Expenditure

	(Rubees in croic)										
Year	Revenue Expenditure	Total Expenditure	GDP	Percentage	Percentage of Government						
			10 to	Revenue Expenditure	Total Expenditure	GDP	Expenditure to GDP				
2001-2002	1,664.25	1,875.16	977(Q)	118.03%	105.03%	7.24%	191.93%				
2002-2003	1,882.62	2,091.67	1,153 (Q)	13.12%	11.55%	7.56%	181.41%				
2003-2004	1,180.93	1,392.52	1,358 (Q)	(-) 37.27%	(-) 33.43%	17.78%	102.54%				
2004-2005	1,723.49	2,077.71	1,531 (A)	45.94%	32.98%	12.74%	135.71%				
2005-2006	1,767.60	2,113.33	1,717 (Q)	2.56%	1.71%	12.15%	123.08%				

GDP - Gross Domestic Product, (Q) - Quickly arrived at, (A) - Advance.

The Revenue Expenditure over the last five years is shown in the Bar chart below:



The overall increase in the Government's revenue receipt and revenue expenditure during 2005-2006 compared to 2001-2002 have been Rs. 157.17 crores and Rs. 103.35 crores respectively was mainly due to more transaction under pension & other retirement benefits and Power Sector during the year. Growth in major areas of Revenue Expenditure is shown in the following table:-

(Rupees in crore)

(Atapool in crost)									
Areas of expenditure	2001-2002	2002-2003	2003-2004	2004-2005	2005-2006	Percentage increase in 2005-2006 over the year 2001-2002			
Interest Payments and			, i		1				
Servicing of Debt	90.48	100.53	103.50	110.19	113.60	26%			
Pension and Other				ıl					
Retirement Benefits.	21.29	29.18	39.82	30.77	41.53	95%			
Crop Husbandry	14.60	15.50	15.86	16.39	21.71	49%			
Administrative			-						
Services	66.51	82.58	81.54	90.78	103.27	55%			
Social Services	226.67	238.74	262.84	306.64	337.78	49%			
Agriculture and Allied									
Activities	69.40	71.73	69.48	86.70	100.52	45%			
Energy	26.75	50.67	36.85	92.20	41.89	57%			
Industries & Minerals	7.58	22.46	21.46	9.66	24.57	224%			

Government Accounts

The total expenditure (Revenue and Capital) for the year is netted against total receipts (Revenue and non-debt Capital receipts) of the year and the surplus/deficit thereof is transferred to a separate ledger called "Government Account". In addition, net effect of Prior Period Adjustments, Miscellaneous Government Accounts, etc, is also transferred to the ledger "Government Account". Thus, the ledger "Government Account" represents the cumulative surplus/deficit of the operations of the Government.

The details of the ledger "Government Accounts" for the past five years are given below:-

(Rupees in crore)

TITLE TO SEE MANUACTO COLE

Year	Revenue Heads			venue Heads Capital Heads				Deficit for the year	Cumulative deficit/surplus at the end of the year	
1				3			4	5	6	
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(a)	(b)	(c)		(2c+3c+4)		
	Receipts	Disbur-	Deficit/	Receipts	Disburse-	Deficit/	Deficit/			
		sements	Surplus	\$	ments \$	Surplus	Surplus			
2001-02	1,807.18	1,664.25	(+)142.93		210.73	(-) 210.73		(-) 67.80	(-) 766.34	
2002-03	2,080.52	1,882.62	(+) 197.90		208.98	(-) 208.98	FILE CEST	(-) 11.08	(-) 777.42	
2003-04	1,341.18	1,180.93	(+) 160.25		211.49	(-) 211.49	(-) 1.98	(-) 53.22	(-) 830.64	
2004-05	1,892.40	1,723.49	(+) 168.91		353.54	(-) 353.54		(-) 184.63	(-) 1015.27	
2005-06	1,964.35	1,767.60	(+) 196.75		345.73	(-) 345.73		(-) 148.98	(-) 1164.25	

- \$ Excluding Receipts and disbursement under F Loans and Advances.
- # Miscellaneous Government Accounts.

LIABILITIES

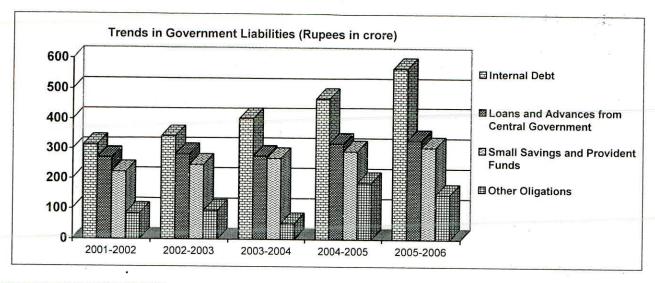
Liabilities of the State Government increased by Rs. 523.66 crore from Rs. 827.21 crore in 2001-2002 to Rs. 1,350.87 crore during 2005-2006. Public debt comprising internal debt of the State Government and loans and advances from the Central Government increased by Rs. 312.96 crore from Rs. 583.93 crore in 2001-2002 to Rs. 896.89 crore at the end of the current year. Article 293 of the Constitution of India empowers the State Government to borrow on the security of the Consolidated Fund of the State within such limits, if any, as may be fixed from time to time by the State Legislature. No such limit has been fixed by the State Legislature in respect of the State Government. Details of the Public Debt and total liabilities of the State Government are as under:

(Rupees in crore)

				(K	upees in cr	ore)			
Year	Internal Debt	Loans & Advances from Central Government	Total Public Debt	Small Savings Insurance and Pension fund	Provident Funds	Other Obligations	Total Liabilities*	GDP	% of total liability to GDP
2001-2002	314.21	269.72	583.93	6.85	215.27	85.53	827.21	977 (Q)	84.67%
2002-2003	341.32	280.80	622.12	8.12	237.45	95.45	888.14	1,153 (Q)	77.03%
2003-2004	400.82	274.15	674.97	9.34	258.11	53.06	966.45	1,358 (Q)	71.17%
2004-2005	467.49	316.74	784.23	10.85	281.05	188.36	1,107.07	1,531 (A)	72.31%
2005-2006	569.21	327.68	896.89	12.44	292.45	149.09	1,350.87	1,717 (Q)	78.68%

GDP - Gross Domestic Product.

- (O) Quickly arrived at.
- (A) Advance.
- * Liability includes Reserve Fund (net), Deposit & Advances, Remittances and Suspense & Miscellaneous (other then cash & investment)



STATE PROVIDENT FUND

The details of transactions from the State Provident Fund are shown in the following table:

Year	Opening Balance	Receipts *	Payments	Net accretion during the year	Closing Balance	Interest charged on balance of P.F
2001-2002	196.79	57.59	39.11	18.49	215.27	19.50
2002-2003	215.27	61.90	39.72	22.18	237.45	19.00
2003-2004	237.45	63.29	42.63	20.66	258.11	17.85
2004-2005	258.11	67.84	44.90	22.94	281.05	20,35
2005-2006	281.05	71.62	60.22	11.40	292.45	19.00

^{*} Figures includes interest accrued during the year.

STATE GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES GROUP INSURANCE FUND

From the 1st January 1994 the State Government Employees Group Insurance Scheme has been introduced by the government. The details of transactions for last five years from the insurance fund are shown in the following table.

Year	Opening Balance	Receipts*	Payments	Net accretion for the year	Closing Balance	Interest charged on balance of Group Insurance Fund
2001-2002	5.82	1.35	0.32	1.03	6.85	0.54
2002-2003	6.85	1.66	0.39	1.27	8.12	0.84
2003-2004	8.12	1.80	0.58	1.22	9.34	1.04
2004-2005	9.34	1.96	0.45	1.51	10.85	1.15
2005-2006	10.85	2.19	0.60	1.59	12.44	1.33

^{*} Figures includes interest accrued during the year.

GUARANTEES

The position of guarantees by the State Government for the payment of loans and capital and payment of interest thereon raised by Statutory Corporations, Government Companies, Corporations, Co-operative Societies, etc. are given below:

(Rupees in crore)

(italises in store)								
Amount Guaranteed (Principal only)	Amount outstandin Principal Inter							
NIL	95.70	N.A.						
10.00	95.70	N.A.						
9.40	86.10	N.A.						
NIL	82.47 *	N.A.						
NIL	84.47	N.A.						
	Amount Guaranteed (Principal only) NIL 10.00 9.40 NIL	Amount Guaranteed (Principal only) Amount ou Principal NIL 95.70 10.00 95.70 9.40 86.10 NIL 82.47 *						

N.A. - not available

WAYS AND MEANS ADVANCES

No agreement has so far been made by the State government with the Reserve Bank of India for the transaction of its banking business. As a result, no transactions (inter Government/State) are routed through the R.B.I. However, under a resolution made in the year 1968-69 with the State Bank of Sikkim (a State Undertaking), the Bank has been vested with the responsibility of receiving money on behalf of Government, making all Government payments and keeping custody of the balances of Government in current accounts as well as in fixed deposits that may be made through the branches of the Bank. For the purpose of meeting the resource gap the State Government takes Ways and Means Advances from the Government of India which is subsequently adjusted by Government of India while releasing grants-in-aid to the State Government.

The Ways and Means Advance drawn by the State Government from Government of India and its repayment/adjustment in the last five years are given below:-

Year	Amount of Ways and Means advance drawn from Government of India	Repayment/Adjustment	Outstanding at the end of the year
2001-2002	NIL	9.38	9.37
2002-2003	NIL	9.37	4. T. H. 100
2003-2004	O NIL	1 TOWN NIL TO CA	NIL 19.
2004-2005	NIL	NIL	NIL
2005-2006	NIL	NIL	NIL

^{*} Guarantee to State Bank of India for grant of loan of Rs. 363.00 lakh to Sikkim Vanaspati Limited was settled during the year by paying Rs. 400.00 lakh to the State Bank of India as per the decree of the debt recovery tribunal Guwahati.

GENERAL CASH BALANCES

The cash balance with the Government increased from Rs. 81.58 crore at the beginning of the year 2005-2006 to Rs. 170.93 crore at its end, the details of sources and application of funds being as follows:

Cash flow Statement for the year (Rupees in crore)

	SOURCES		1000	APPLICATION	
SI. No	Items	Amount	SI. No	Items	Amount
1	Opening cash balance	81.58	1	Revenue Expenditure Non-Plan Plan	1,473.40 294.20
2.	State's share of Union Taxes	182.13		Total	1,767.60
3.	State's own revenue collection	1,137.32	2	Capital Expenditure Non-Plan Plan	345.73
4.	Central grants/assistance other than loans	644.90		Total	345.73
5.	Miscellaneous receipts	-	3	Loans and Advances repaid	12.05
6.	Net Receipts from public debt, small savings, deposits and advances (Other than Central loans)	117.79	4	Loans and Advances given	-
7.	Receipts from Central loans	22.99	5	Closing cash balance	170.93
8.	Recoveries from borrowers	0.14	5/1/2	3	170.75
9.	Net contribution from Contingency Fund	(-) 0.10			
10.	Net effect of adjustment of suspense and remittance balances & increase/decrease of Reserve Funds	109.56			- T
	Total	2,296.31		Total	2,296.31

Investments held in the Cash Balance Investment Account as on 31 March 2006 were 9.76 crore.

Other cash balances and investment comprising cash with departmental officers (Rs. 0.37 crore), permanent advances with departmental officers (Rs. 0.38 crore) and investment of earmarked funds (Rs. 71.15 crore) as on 31 March 2006 were Rs. 71.90 crore. There is an unreconciled difference of Rs 2.89 crore between State Bank of Sikkim and the Government Account.

CONTINGENCY FUND

Contingency Fund of the State with a corpus of Rs. 1.00 crore is designed to meet contingencies. The following details will indicate the extent of use of this Fund during the year

	(Rupees III erore)							
	2001-2002	2002-2003	2003-2004	2004-2005	2005-2006			
Number of withdrawals from Contingency Fund	1	2	3	4	5			
Total withdrawals from Contingency Fund (Rs. in crore)	0.95	0.28	0.50	1.00	0.94			
Withdrawals from Contingency Fund as a percentage to total Budget provision	0.08%	0.01%	0.02%	0.05%	0.04%			

	23
	7
13 ⁴⁰	

Officers in the Office of the Accountant General (A&E), Sikkim, Gangtok, who may be contacted for detailed information on Accounts at a Glance

Name and Designation of the Officer	Telephone Number	
Shri A. Patnaik, Accountant General, Sikkim	Office	280417 281580
	Residence	202795
Shri S. Kumar, Deputy Accountant General (A&E), Sikkim	Office Residence	280465 281255

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